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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

#4

Applicant: Richard ORMSON, et al.
Title: MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS
DEVICE DISPLAY
Appl. No.: 09/989,683
Filing Date: 11/21/2001
Examiner: Unassigned
Art Unit: 2645

CLAIM FOR CONVENTION PRIORITY

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

The benefit of the filing date of the following prior foreign application filed in the following foreign country is hereby requested, and the right of priority provided in 35 U.S.C. § 119 is hereby claimed.

In support of this claim, filed herewith is a certified copy of said original foreign application:

United Kingdom Patent Application No. 0028489.3
filed 11/22/2000.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: February 4, 2002

By

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09/489,683



INVESTOR IN PEOPLE



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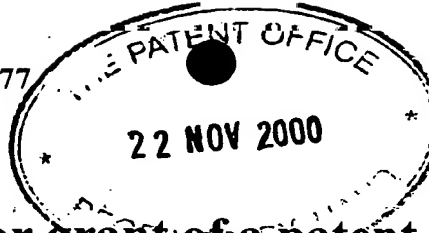
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1. Your reference	IML/42109		
2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)	0028489.3		23NOV00 5585865-20 001631 LP01/7700 0.00-0028489.3
3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)	NEC TECHNOLOGIES (UK) LIMITED Level 3, The Imperium Imperial Way Reading Berkshire, RG2 0TD		
Patents ADP number (if you know it)			
If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of incorporation	United Kingdom		
4. Title of the invention	MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE DISPLAY		
5. Full name, address and postcode in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence relating to this form and translation should be sent	Reddie & Grose 16 Theobalds Road LONDON WC1X 8PL		
Patents ADP number (if you know it)	91001		
6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number	Country	Priority application (If you know it)	Date of filing (day/month/year)
7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application	Number of earlier application	Date of filing (day/month/year)	
8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:			
a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or			
b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or	YES		
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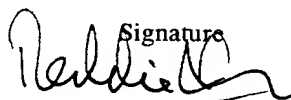
Description	5
Claim(s)	1
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Request for preliminary examination and search (<i>Patents Form 9/77</i>)	1 ✓
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11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

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MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE DISPLAY

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a mobile communications device display, such as a display for mobile telephones, WAP devices and the like.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Mobile communications have developed significantly in recent years and encompass devices such as mobile telephones, pagers, smartphones and personal data assistants (PDA's). One currently emerging protocol for such devices is Wireless Application Protocol (WAP).

WAP provides a medium to connect user devices to online services, such as the Internet, and is based on Internet standards such as HTTP and XML. To achieve appropriate data rates in WAP devices, binary transmission is used for greater compression of data and is optimised for long latency and low to medium bandwidth. The quality of transmission is increasingly important as graphics form part of the data content in addition to hypertext using WML. The WML language used for WAP content makes optimum use of small screens and allows easy navigation with one hand without a full keyboard.

There are constraints, however, on the ease of use of WAP devices. To be easily portable, mobile communications devices must be small. As a result, though, the screens as such devices are also necessarily small. The size of the screen-display is a premium in such devices to provide users with useful and visible text and graphics.

Protocols such as WAP allow users to interact with presented text and graphics through a mixture of 'hard' and 'soft' keys. The hard keys are those with dedicated functions for text or numbers, and the soft keys are there with variable functions depending on the context. In WAP there are 6 soft keys defined: accept, delete, help, options, prev and reset which are labelled by a reserved

area of display. The text labelling each key is presented on the conventional display area of the telephone. We have appreciated the need to provide ease of operation of a mobile communications device whilst retaining as much useable display area as possible. We have also appreciated that mobile device protocols typically require one or more 'soft' keys whose functions change depending upon the context.

In a broad aspect, the invention provides a mobile communications device comprising a main display area for displaying information to a user and a keypad for user data entry, the device further comprising a touch sensitive display area configured to display one or more user input options and to allow selection of the one or more user input options by contact with the touch sensitive display area.

The invention provides the advantage that context sensitive function keys are displayed to a user without using valuable area on the main display area. A device embodying the invention can thus use less area to present 'soft' keys than the present arrangements.

The invention does not require replacement of the whole keypad with the cost that this would incur. In addition, there is no need for processing a full XY grid touch screen or for providing power that would be required for the whole screen to act as a keypad. The touch sensitive display area only needs to report that a particular area has been touched, not a particular pair of coordinates.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

An embodiment of the invention will now be described, by way of example only, and with reference to the figures in which:

FIGURE 1 is a schematic view of an existing mobile telephone.

FIGURE 2 is a block diagram of the main components of a mobile telephone;

FIGURE 3 is a schematic view of a mobile telephone embodying the invention; and

FIGURE 4 is a block diagram of the main components of a mobile telephone embodying the invention.

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The basic visible components of a mobile telephone are shown in the schematic view of Figure 1. A display 12 provides information to a user such as number dialled, address book and so on. Mobile telephones with other functions such as those provided by WAP also display hypertext and graphics. A portion of the display 12 provides a label area 13 which indicates the functions of three 'soft' keys 15 on a keypad 14. The 'soft' keys vary in their functionality depending upon the status of material shown on the display.

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As an example, the 'soft' keys 15 allow navigation around menus, to go forward and back on hypertext pages and other such functions. The function provided by each key is shown on the label area 13 of the display 12.

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The main functional components of the telephone are shown in Figure 2. A CPU 10 provides all logical controls through software in ROM 20. A RAM 16 provides temporary storage for data such as text and images as well as more permanent data such as address books. The radio unit 18 provides the communications functions and includes digital processing circuitry for data sending and receipt, analogue to digital conversion for voice and RF transmission and reception. Appropriate circuitry for the radio unit is well known to the skilled person. The mobile telephone also includes a display 12 such as an LCD display, and a key pad 14 as previously described.

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A schematic view of a mobile telephone embodying the invention is shown in Figure 3. Whilst the invention is particularly applicable to a WAP mobile telephone, it could apply to other portable communications devices, such as PDA's or personal communicators.

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The mobile telephone includes a keypad 14 to allow user interaction to dial numbers and provide other input. The keypad is a conventional push button keypad known to those in the art. A display 12 is a liquid crystal
5 display (LCD) which has sufficient resolution for text and graphics, typically 12 character width and 4 line height. Unlike the known mobile telephone described earlier, the embodiment of the invention has a touch screen area 22.

The touch screen area 22 is configured to show
10 different functions that can be accessed by pressing the relevant area of the touch screen. As can be seen by comparing figure 3 and figure 1, the 'soft' function keys now do not occupy valuable space on the main display screen, but provide the label display and button
15 functionality combined.

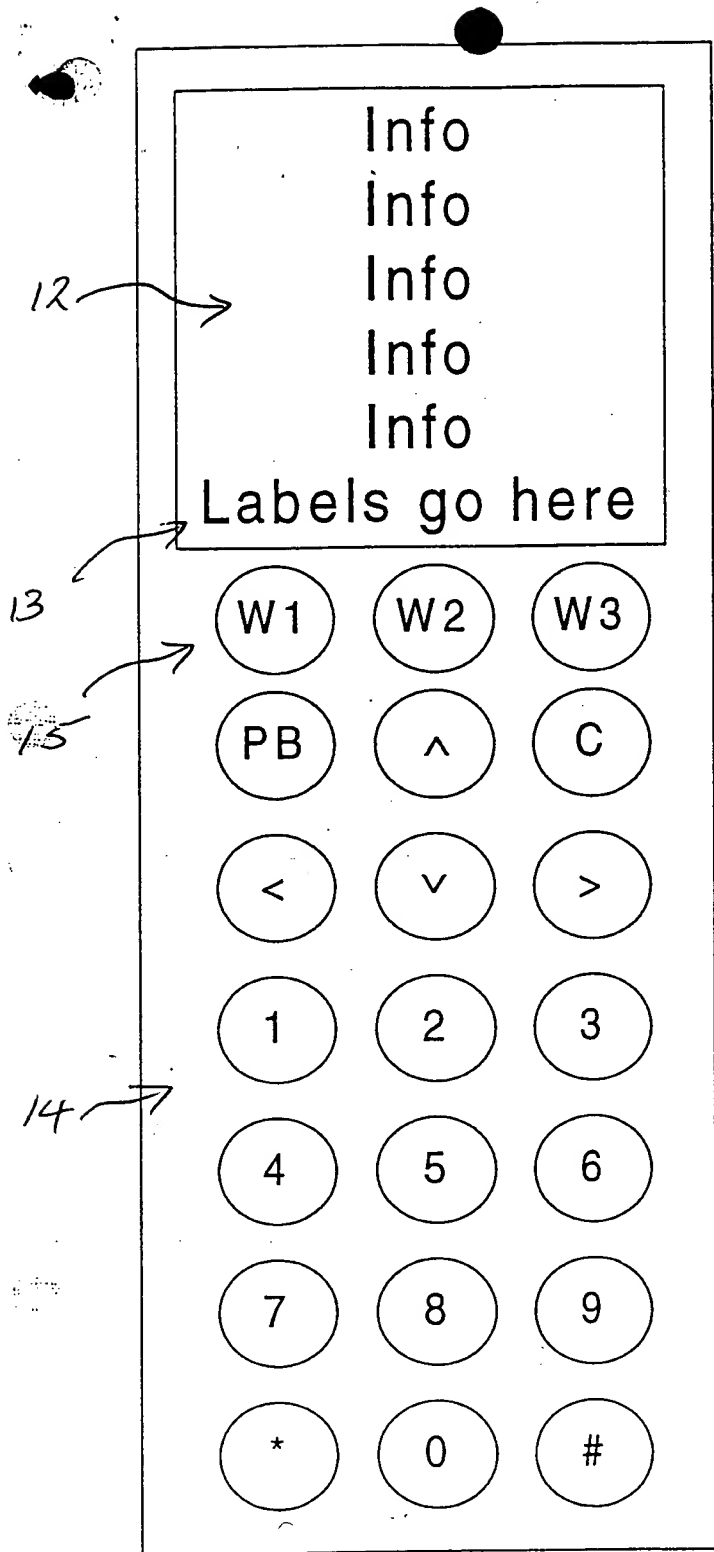
The main functional components of the embodiment are shown in figure 4. The mobile telephone comprises a CPU 10, RAM 16, ROM 20 and radio unit 18 as previously described. The CPU 10 provides interaction between the
20 display 12, keypad 14 and the touch screen 22. The main display area 12 now has a larger area to display images and text without the requirement to display labels for the multi function keys 15 which are provided by the touch sensitive pad 22. The preferred type of touch sensitive
25 screen 22 is one that registers whether it has been touched, rather than providing the coordinates of where it has been touched. The use of a stylus can be avoided because of this, and because the space between 'keys' is sufficient for finger operation. The touch sensitive
30 screen area 22 is preferably implemented by using a larger than normal main screen, with one line overlaid with a touch sensitive portion comprising a number of pads equal to the number of keys. A moulding 23 is preferably provided to mask all but the 'key' sections. This ensures
35 the user does not unintentionally activate more than one soft key. The input to the CPU can be the same as a normal physical keypad.

There are further embodiments possible within the scope of the invention. For example, a folded design of phone could have an additional touch sensitive screen on the keyboard half, with a main screen on the other half.

- 5 The soft key labels could be displayed in a different font to distinguish them from the main display. Three soft keys are preferred, but other markers would be possible.

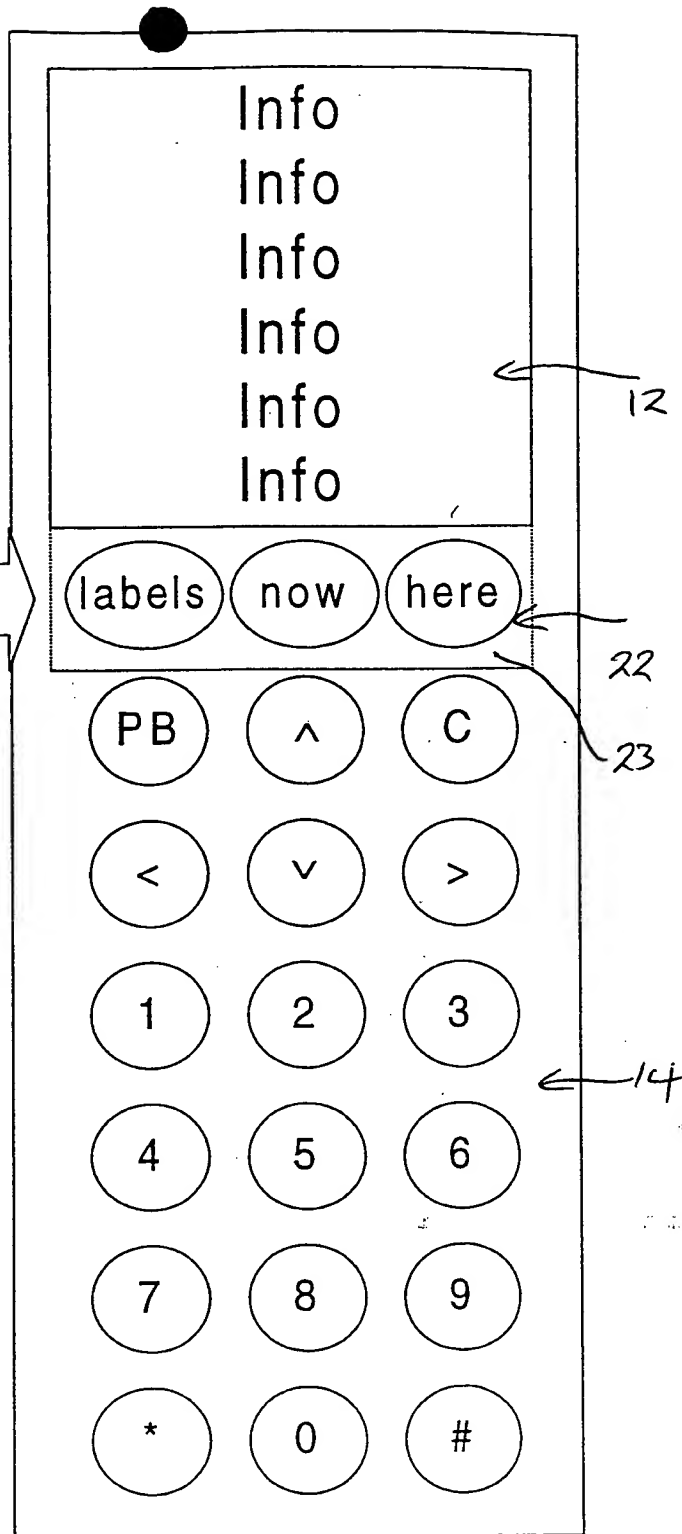
CLAIMS

1. A mobile communications device comprising a main display area for displaying information to a user and a keypad for user data entry, the device further comprising
5 a touch sensitive display area configured to display one or more user input options and to allow selection of the one or more user input options by contact with the touch sensitive display area.
2. A mobile communications device according to claim 1,
10 wherein the main display area and touch sensitive display area are each part of a single display.
3. A mobile communications device according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the touch sensitive area has a mask to show the one or more user input options as separate keys.
4. A mobile communications device according to claim 1,
15 2 or 3, wherein the touch sensitive display area is arranged between the main display area and the keypad.
5. A mobile communications device according to any preceding claim wherein the device is a mobile telephone.
6. A mobile communications device according to claim 5,
20 wherein the device is a WAP mobile telephone.
7. A mobile communications device substantially as herein described and with reference to figures 3 and 4.



~~With Buttons~~
Fig 1

Extra LCD behind moulding



~~With Touch~~
keys
Fig 3

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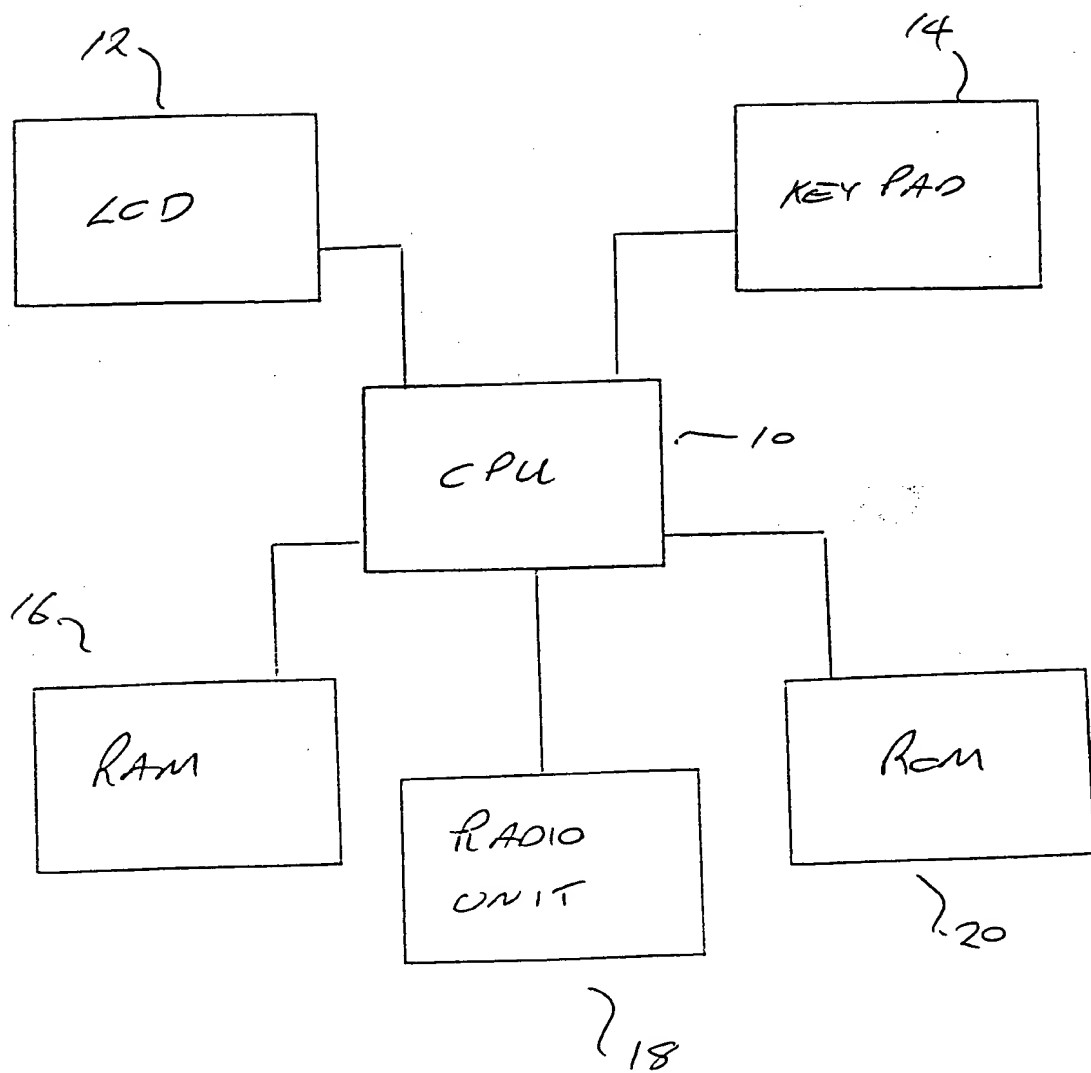


Fig 2

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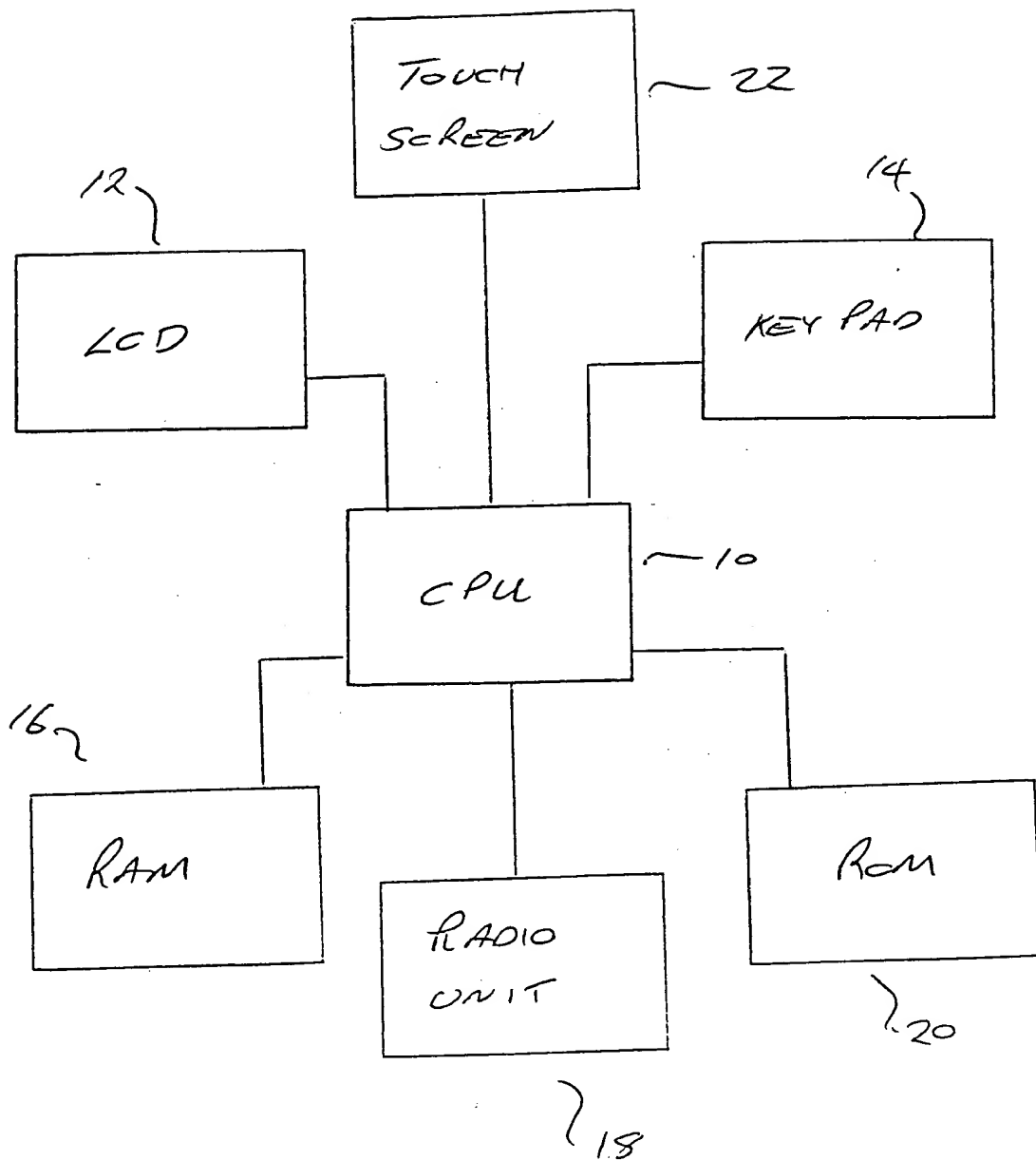


Fig 4

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